

It Looks As Though Winter Has Just Begun

If this be true, you will have to prepare yourself for storms these cold winter days. Your chores will have to be looked after, and your regular winter work taken care of. So, in order to do this, you had better dress warm. We have lots of good warm winter goods that we bought to sell during the months of November and December, and the quality and price are the best. Lots of sickness, and why not avoid getting sick by dressing warm and dry? Bear in mind that you can buy more merchandise now for a dollar than you will be able to buy for TWO DOLLARS, perhaps, later on.

You will find at these stores good lines of Wool Dress Goods, Gingham, Outing Flannels, Ticking, Silk Goods, Table Linens, Wool Blankets, Cotton Blankets, Children's Coats, Babies' Blankets, Corsets, Wool and Cotton Hose for women and children, Suits, Overalls, Heavy Work Shoes, Readymade House Dresses, Men's Overcoats, Boys' Overcoats, Mackinaws, Mackinaw Trousers, Men's and Young Men's Suits, Winter Caps, Winter Underwear, Boys' Mitts and Gloves, lined, Overalls, Work Shirts, Sheeplined Coats, Boys' Knee Pant Suits, Boys' Corduroy Suits, all at a price that a few months from now you will have to pay considerably more for, if you can get them at all.

Wasatch Stores Company

Stores at Sunnyside, Winter Quarters, Clear Creek and Castle Gate, Utah.

DOUBLE STANDARD OIL AND GAS COMPANY.

Capital Stock \$100,000; full paid and non-assessable.

One hundred dollars invested in oil has paid forty thousand dollars and it may do so here. Wages never made a man rich, but a small investment has.

Twenty dollars buys two hundred shares; fifty dollars buys five hundred shares; one hundred dollars buys a thousand shares. If desired, send two cents a share cash and two cents per share each month. Five per cent discount for all cash. Figure what it means if it advances to \$1.00 or \$10.00 as others have done.

Our holdings are in Wyoming, Oklahoma, Kansas, Kentucky, Colorado and Texas, where wells produce as high as ten thousand barrels daily. One one hundred barrel well will pay \$72,000.00 a year, which would enable us to pay 4 per cent a month dividends on stock issued, as 50 per cent of net profits are to be paid in dividends to stockholders.

We are selling stock to increase holdings, drill wells and pay dividends. Buy now before it advances.

W. F. REYNOLDS, Secretary.

General Offices—830 Seventeenth St., Boston Bldg., Denver, Colo.

Phone Main 3937

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Announcement has been made at the Ogden headquarters of the forest service that the secretary of agriculture has approved the allotment of funds for the third year under Sec. 3 of the federal aid road act. Ten million dollars is appropriated for the construction and maintenance of roads and trails within and partly within the national forests, and this money is to be spent in ten yearly installments in co-operation with states and counties. Under the allotment for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1918, Arizona received \$24,318, Idaho \$104,799, Nevada \$19,228, Utah \$29,276 and Wyoming \$41,516. This allotment is practically the same as that of the present fiscal year.

According to new regulations in England, women's shoes must not have uppers of leather exceeding seven inches nor of any other material exceeding eight inches in height.

Cantonments throughout the country are being searched to secure all colored men with technical training now in service for the formation of an artillery regiment at Camp Meade, Md.

FAT WETHERS AND EWES IN GOOD DEMAND

LAMBS SELL AROUND SIXTEEN. FIFTY LATELY.

With Improvement In Transportation Cattle Are Arriving At River Points In Larger Lots Than For Some Time Past, Which Brings About Decline In Prices—Hogs Move Well.

The Sun Special Service.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 21.—Cattle receipts today were sixteen thousand and head, the bulk of which were steers. Market averaged steady. Hogs today eleven thousand head and market steady to five cents lower. Top \$14.25. Sheep and lambs today ten thousand head and market twenty-five to forty cents lower. Top lambs \$16.50. With somewhat improved railroad facilities over last week about twice as many cattle arrived today as on Monday a week ago. Beef cattle sold at about steady prices and top steers at \$12.75. The top last week was \$12.50. Colorado pulped steers were mostly between \$11.25 and \$12.00. Butcher cattle were scarce in proportion to the receipts, and they were of the common grades. Range cows \$7.00 to \$9.50, best native cows up to \$12.50 and veal calves steady. Hides up to \$11.00. There was fairly good demand for choice classes of stockers and feeders, but on medium to plain kinds the market was slow at steady prices. As most of the offerings here were of the beef class, there was not much trading done in the stocker and feeder market. Some stockers sold for \$10.50 and some feeders brought the same price. Most of the sales were made between \$8.25 and \$10.50.

The hog market today was active and nearly everything sold at steady to five cents lower prices, butcher hogs selling up to \$16.25 and most of the heavy packing hogs from \$14.25 to \$16.25. Bulk of all sales was \$16.10 to \$16.20. Pigs sold at \$12.25 to \$12.00. The five leading markets show a decrease of hogs to date over last year of \$14,000 head.

All markets had a liberal run of sheep and lambs today. Market was slow and most offerings selling at twenty-five to forty cents lower prices. Packers say sheep coolers are filled and railroads are unable to furnish refrigerator cars. Some western lambs sold to packers at \$14.25 and a string of western ewe lambs sold at \$15.50 to feeders. Western sheep and lambs predominated, there being very little native stuff here. Fat ewes are worth up to \$12.00, mothers \$12.75, yearlings \$11.50 and the bulk of fat lambs sell from \$15.75 to \$16.50.

PRICE LIST FOR HOGS ON THE PACIFIC COAST

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.—A minimum price for hogs in the Pacific Coast States was fixed today by a voluntary agreement between more than thirty packers representing California, Oregon and Washington and the United States food administration.

The new minimum price, set at one cent under the food administration minimum effective on the Chicago market, which now is \$12.25 net hundred, was expected to be sold in result in a big increase in pork production in the states affected by the agreement.

Salt Lake City.

NORTH SALT LAKE, Jan. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 121 head and market steady. Choice steers, \$9.50 to \$10.00; good steers, \$9.00 to \$9.50; fair steers \$8.75 to \$9.75; choice cows and heavy heifers, \$8.00 to \$9.50; cutters, \$4.75 to \$5.50; canners, \$4.00 to \$4.50; bulls, \$3.25 to \$4.00.

Hogs—Receipts, 232 head and market fifteen cents lower. Choice fat hogs, 175 to 250 pounds, \$15.35; mixed fat hogs, 160 pounds and up, \$15.00 to \$15.25.

Sheep—Receipts, 352 head and market steady, demand poor. Choice grain fed lambs, \$14.50 to \$15.00; choice yearling wethers, \$11.00 to \$11.50; fat wethers, \$10.50 to \$11.00; fat ewes, \$9.50 to \$10.00.

Ogden Live Stock.

OGDEN, Jan. 24.—Cattle—Market steady. Choice steers, \$9.00 to \$10.00; good, \$8.00 to \$9.00; feeders, \$7.00 to \$8.00; choice cows and heifers, \$7.00 to \$7.50; fair to good, \$6.00 to \$7.00; canners, \$4.00 to \$5.00; feeder cows, \$5.00 to \$6.00; veal calves, \$9.00 to \$10.00.

Hogs—Receipts, sixty-three head and market slightly higher. Tops, \$15.50; bulk of sales, \$15.25.

Sheep—Receipts, none, and market steady. Lambs, \$14.00 to \$15.00; ewes, \$9.00 to \$10.00.

QUARANTINE ORDER AGAINST RABIES IN SANPETE COUNTY

Quarantine on account of rabies in the northern end of Sanpete county, probably extending from a short distance south of Fairview to Indianola or farther north, is to be established by the state board of health, just as soon as the facts in the matter are clearly determined. The reason is the ravages of one mad dog, recently which started at Birch Creek, near Fairview, and traversed a section of the valley about twenty miles square, all the time vicious with rabies in an acute stage. The circumstances and an investigation made by Dr. H. W. Hoggan, state live stock inspector, soon after the occurrence, appeared in the press at the time. T. J. Morley, clerk of Sanpete county, writes to Dr. T. H. Healy, state health commissioner, on the matter, saying in part:

"Complaints have come to the board of county commissioners from people who reside in the north end of

Sanpete county to the effect that a number of animals are affected with the rabies, and it would appear that it might be necessary for your board to establish a quarantine in the northern part of Sanpete county, under the provisions of Chapter 117, Laws of Utah, 1907. This report is submitted to your board as to existing conditions relative to the rabies in that part of Sanpete county, and is made to you under the direction of the board of county commissioners of Sanpete county, who have further requested that you take such steps as are necessary to protect the inhabitants in our county on account of the existence of said conditions."

Unions Blame Packers.

CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—The refusal of the packers to arbitrate the eight-hour law, the discharge of twenty union men from one of the packing plants and the resignation of John E. Williams as arbitrator were given today in the Chicago Federation of Labor as the reasons for the request made by the workers to President Wilson to take over the plants. The men are under agreement with the government not to strike during the war.

Solves Fuel Problem.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—A proprietor of a large candy factory has announced that he has solved the fuel shortage by sifting his ashes. Upon every ton of reclaimed cinders he poured one gallon of kerosene and in this way obtained a ton of efficient fuel.

The sifting process cost him only one dollar per ton and the kerosene eleven cents a gallon wholesale. In other words, he is getting good fuel at \$1.11 per ton.

The plan has been so satisfactory that he intends to make it permanent even after the coal shortage ends.

WITH THE LIVE STOCKMEN OF THIS SECTION OF UTAH

Alonso Brinkerhoff of Emery has been appointed to the executive committee of the American National Live Stock association.

Local sheepmen have no fears for their herds for the balance of the winter because of lack of moisture. Recent snows have helped the range wonderfully.

F. B. Hammond of Moab last week sold two thousand head of sheep on the range in Garfield county to Murphy Bros., the consideration being \$21,000. The sheep were recently shipped in from New Mexico.

Most of the flockmasters of Price and vicinity are ranging their sheep on the eastern desert south of Green River and Woodside. There are few losses from the weather or predatory animals. All are doing well, it is reported.

More than twenty-eight thousand dollars was realized at Salt Lake City last week from the sale of a ram, donated by the National Woolgrowers' association, for the benefit of the Red Cross. Harry Lauder, the comedian, assisted in the sale.

Hog herds in Idaho have been decreased 40 per cent during the winter on account of shortage of feed. This is the general average of decrease all over the state, but in some localities the curtailment of stocks has been markedly greater than the figure shows.

Thomas Redmond, secretary of the state live stock board and a member of the brand inspection committee, has sent warning to persons not regularly engaged in the butcher or slaughtering business that they must have animals inspected by two disinterested landowners before killing. All hides must be inspected and tagged by the sheriff of the county in which the animal was slaughtered and veal carcasses must be tagged before leaving the county. The regulations cover the handling of transient live stock, the inspection by sheriffs of cattle, horses and mules driven or shipped from the counties.

URGENT APPEAL FOR MEN

Uncle Sam Wants Many For Immediate Service In France.

The Sun Special Service.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 22.—So urgent is the need for lumbermen and roadbuilders for immediate service in France that the war department has made an exception to its previous ruling, and will now allow experienced men of draft age to enlist under certain conditions. Any man between 18 and 41 years of age, who is qualified physically and by experience, may enlist for this service, but he must obtain permission to do so from Major C. E. Clarke, chief of engineers office, war department, Washington, D. C., by mail or telegraph. The men required will be sent to France as soon as they are assembled without being held for military training.

Tremendous quantities of lumber are required by the American troops in France. A special regiment, known as the Twentieth engineers, is being recruited to cut timber in the forests of France and manufacture it into lumber. This regiment will include experienced men of every class required in lumber camp operations. The Twentieth engineers needs immediately two thousand woodmen, sawmill men, machinists and others who have worked at lumbering. It also needs three thousand men who have worked at road building. These men are to construct roads from the woods to the mills and from the mills to the distributing depots.

In connection with both the lumbering and roadbuilding operations complete crews of men experienced in the great variety of machinery used and in the camp and repair work involved are required.

Fifteen million coal shovels in the United States are to be tagged as a reminder to householders and furnace men to save every possible pound of coal. Tagging Day is January 20th—next Wednesday. The tags are to be distributed and fastened on the shovels by children of the public schools. The tags bear inscriptions suitable for the purpose for which they were printed.

WOOLMEN END BIG MEETING AT ZION

ATTENDANCE LARGE AND MUCH GOOD TO RESULT.

Officers of the Past Year Are Again Chosen to Handle the Affairs of the National Woolgrowers' Association—Numerous Resolutions Adopted—Secretary Houston Is Lauded.

Before adjourning at Salt Lake City last Saturday the fifty-fourth annual convention of the National Woolgrowers' association, re-elected its entire staff of officers. With a few exceptions in vacancies on the executive committee the roster is the same as 1917. Frank J. Hagenbarth, president, Salt Lake City; A. J. Knoll, Eastern vice president, Kansas City; M. P. Powers, Western vice president, Flagstaff, Ariz.; Frank Miracle, treasurer, Helena, Mont.; S. W. McClure, secretary, Salt Lake City; executive committee, H. C. Campbell, Arizona; P. A. Ellenswood, California; H. C. Wood, Idaho; E. G. Harvey, Montana; J. W. Burgess, Oregon; F. M. Rothrock, Washington; Fraser Miller, New Mexico; J. C. Kinney, Wyoming; Robert Taylor, Nebraska; T. M. Alexander, Colorado; W. N. McGill, Nevada; W. C. Coffey, Illinois; Robert Blackstock, Kentucky; W. D. Candland, Utah; B. L. Crook, Texas; and Frank Cook, South Dakota.

Resolutions Passed.

That we hereby pledge the support of this association collectively and individually to every measure promulgated by the president of the United States in order to win this war for humanity.

That we condemn the use of wool substitutes for soldiers' and sailors' clothing and blankets, and to care for the production of the consumer, we most urgently petition congress to enact such legislation as will require the branding and tagging of all adulterated woolen goods so as to show to the consumer the amount of wool contained therein.

That we urge and direct our officers to call upon the United States food administration and the various state food administrations to give the widest publicity to the fact that under official orders there shall be no restrictions against the use of lamb except on the one meatless day, Tuesday of each week.

That the packers and retailers of meats be urged to give special attention to devising ways of making cuts of suitable size for consumers' use of the carcasses of overweight lambs.

That we urge our members of congress to secure the placing of a federal tax upon all dogs, the fund to be used to exterminate stock-killing canines and predatory wild animals.

That in case the legislature of any state makes an appropriation or the stock-growing interests of any state, congress shall raise lands to be expended by the biological survey, to said state or private fund be deposited by a like appropriation by congress to be used in the extermination of predatory animals.

To Designate Trails.

That we request our representatives at Washington, D. C., to see that the bureau of animal industry is furnished with sufficient appropriation to provide such areas of hay producing lands as will temporarily equip the United States sheep experiment station for carrying on its work.

That we petition the secretary of the interior to direct the proper bureau of this department to designate all trails applied for across six hundred and forty acre homestead lands at the earliest possible date.

That we request the forestry service to maintain the present existing ratio of the various classes of national forests and where the range is stocked in its full capacity to not reduce one grade of stock at the expense of another class.

That we request the secretary of agriculture to endeavor to secure an appropriation by congress of not less than \$1,000,000 for range improvement work on the national forests and also \$1,000,000 for the eradication of poisonous plants.

That this association requests that the designation of all of the lands under the six hundred and forty acre homestead act be suspended during the period of the war.

Fencing of Lands.

That we recommend that the United States department of agriculture conduct at different points throughout the range country experiments to determine the influence upon the grazing capacity that may be brought about by regulating the growing thereon or by reseeding the ranges to proper grasses.

That congress make it possible for stockmen to fence tight the lands in isolated tracts in order to increase live stock production.

That the secretary of the interior investigate the matter of permitting the grazing of live stock during the period of the war in the national parks.

That where stolen sheep are found in the possession of any person grazing sheep on the national forests that his permit be canceled.

That we urge every sheepraiser to continue to subscribe to the extent of his ability to liberty loans, to war savings certificates, to the Red Cross, to the Y. M. C. A. and all other worthy purposes which render aid to our soldiers and our allies.

That we endorse the work of the United States department of agriculture and commend Secretary David B. Houston for the zeal and judgment displayed by him in directing the work of his department.

That we express our thanks to Dr.

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Free Automobile Service to and From Hotel For Guests.

GOOD CLEAN BEDS
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Automobile Service For the Public Day and Night. Feed Yards and Stabling in Connection.

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PRICE, UTAH

Imm. Tanimura, for the beautiful picture presented the association and for his valued address. That we extend to the Japanese government and Dr. Tanimura our thanks for the presentation of three hundred and fifty copies of "Live Stock Economics," written by him.

ESCAPED CONVICT CAUGHT

Weakness For Photograph of Himself Leads to Capture.

His weakness for having his picture has cost the liberty of Thomas La Crose, 54 years old, an escaped convict from Utah. La Crose was captured in McAllister, Okla., after enjoying more than half a year's liberty, and was returned to the state prison last Tuesday. La Crose was convicted of a statutory offense and sentenced to serve eighteen years in the state prison on February 18, 1908. He was working with the Carbon county road gang up near Colton the night of July 1, 1917, when he decided to escape.

About midnight, La Crose tossed a large stone into some bushes several yards from the "deadline" of the camp. When the guard ran to investigate, the convict made a dash for liberty and, although he left a large portion of his clothing and some flesh on the barbed wire fence surrounding the camp, he made his escape. Several shots were fired at him, but they only lent speed to his legs. Nothing was heard from La Crose for more than six months, but his description and picture were sent broadcast.

The escaped convict was never rated a handsome man by his best friends, who were mostly inside the prison, but he had a fondness for his own likeness, and before his sentence to prison was found of patronizing every picture gallery which attracted his attention. At the Oklahoma town a deputy sheriff was observing the pictures in a cheap photograph gallery, when he spied the likeness of La Crose. He at once made inquiries as to the original and was informed that he was working in the vicinity.

The arrest of La Crose followed and extradition papers were soon obtained for his removal from Oklahoma to Utah.

There has been a heavy slump in the demand for grapefruit since powdered sugar for sweetening is offered unobtainable.

Discarded civilian clothing of national army soldiers will be shipped to Belgium for relief of sufferers there.